নবম শ্রেণি ● English ● অধ্যায়ভিত্তিক প্রশ্লের উত্তর ও পরীক্ষা প্রস্তৃতি

All Summer in a Day Mild the Mist upon the Hill

Choose the correct option (Marks-1)

1. 'All Summer in a Day' is written by-

a. H. G. Wells

b. Ray Douglas

c. William Gibson

d. Frank Herbert

Ans: b. Ray Douglas

2. 'All Summer in a Day' is example of-

a. Story

b. elegy

c. Science-fiction

d. parable

Ans: c. Science-fiction

3. The name of the planet described in the text

is-

a. Mercury

b. Jupiter

c. Uranus

d. Venus

Ans: d. Venus

4. It had been raining for-

a. Four years

b. five years

c. Six years

d. seven years

Ans: d. seven years

5. The story is set ina. Earth

b. Venus

c. Sun

d. Mars

Ans: b. Venus

6. "It's stopping, it's stopping"-What stopping was-

a. Snowfall

b. rainfall

c. Tidal waves

d. storm

Ans: b. rainfall

7. The children were all-

a. Six years old

b. seven years' old

c. Eight years old

d. nine years' old

Ans: d. nine years' old

8. The children ran for-

a. Five hours

b. two hours

c. An hour

d. two and a half hours

Ans: c. An hour

9. The children turned up their faces to the-

a. Sun

b. sky

c. Moon

d. rocket

Ans: b. skv

10. The children felt the warm sun on their-

a. Chins

b. eves

c. Heads

d. cheeks

Ans: d. cheeks

11. The silence was so immense; one would fell

the ears to bea. Stuffed

b. blocked

c. Covered

d. open

❖ SAO (Marks- 1)

1. Who wrote "All Summer in a Day"?

Ans: Ray Bradbury wrote "All Summer in a Day".

2. How long had it been raining?

Ans: It had been raining for seven years.

3. How were the days filled with?

Ans: The days were filled with the gush of water and endless shower.

4. What caused tidal waves to come over the island?

Ans: Heavy storms caused tidal waves to come over the island.

5. How did men and women come from the Earth to Venus?

Ans: Men and women came from the Earth to Venus by rockets.

6. What did they set up on planet Venus?

Ans: They set up a civilization on planet Venus.

7. Who chattered?

Ans: The children in the school room chattered.

8. Why did the children peer out the window?

Ans: The children peered out of the window to look at the hidden sun.

9. How old were all children?

Ans: All children were nine years old.

10. How old were all children when the sun came out last?

Ans: When the sun came out last, all children were two years old.

11. How did the heavy storms affect the island of Venus?

Ans: Heavy storms caused tidal waves to come over the islands of Venus and crushed a thousand forests there.

12. What did the children write about the sun?

Ans: The children wrote small stories, essays and poems about the sun.

13. Where did the children play?

Ans: The children played in the echoing tunnels of the underground city.

14. How did the Jungle in Venus look?

Ans: The jungle in Versus was great. It looked like the colour of rubber, ash and ink. Ans: a. Stuffed

12. The children released from their spell, rushed out in the-

a. Playtime

b. lunch

c. Tiffin

d. summer time

Ans: d. summer time

13. The word(s) nearest in meaning to the word 'savoured' is-

a. Hated

b. digested

c. Understood

d. enjoyed the full taste of something

Ans: d. enjoyed the full taste of something

14. "they sang of summer and the sun' suggests that the children are-

a. Declined to welcome the sun

b. Inclined to welcome the sun

c. Scared of the sun

d. Indifferent to the sun

Ans: b. Inclined to welcome the sun

15. The children were playing-

a. Hide and seek

b. Go as you like

c. Catch me if you can

d. None of these

Ans: a. Hide and seek

16. In her open palm, the girl was holding a-

a. Flower

b. raindrop

c. Chocolate

d. butterfly

Ans: b. raindrop

17. The sun had hidden behind-

a. A cloud of mist

b. the tree

c. The sky scrappers d. the moon

Ans: a. A cloud of mist

18. The sky became dark in-

a. A few minutes

b. a few seconds

c. An hour

d. a flash

Ans: d. a flash

19. Until it was raining hard, the children stood at the-

a. Halfway

b. doorway

c. Terrace

d. balcony

Ans: b. doorway

20. When the children realized that it will be seven more years for the sun to come, their faces became-

a. Red

b. pale

c. Bright

d. happy

Ans: b. pale

21. The children were interested in/about-

a. Playing

b. making fun

c. Study

d. the sun

15. What was the colour of the sun?

Ans: It was the colour of flaming bronze.

16. What has the day spent?

Ans: The day has spent its store of silent

sorrow.

17. Where did the poet live in her childhood

Ans: In her childhood days the poet lived beneath the sheltering roof of her father.

18. How does the poet describe the evening and the mists?

Ans: The poet describes the evening as cloudy and the mists as mild, blue and sweet.

19. What does the poet watch?

Ans: The poet watches the fall of cloudy evening after a day of long rain.

20. Which season does the poet mention here?

Ans: The poet mentions here the season of summer.

21. Where does the damp stand how?

Ans: The damp like thick morning's tears stands in the long, green grass.

22. What is compared with "morning's tears"?

Ans: The damp that stands in the long, green grass is compared with morning's tears.

23. How does the poet describe the scents of fragrance?

Ans: The poet describes the scents of fragrance that pass as dreamy.

24. What is meant by 'breathe of other years'?

Ans: The phrase 'breathe of other years' indicates the days of her childhood that she spent in the sheltering roof of her father.

25. How does the poet describe the damp on the grass?

Ans: The poet describes the damp on the grass as thick and compares it with morning's tears.

26. Where was the mist?

Ans: The mist was upon the hill.

27. How is the sorrow of the day described?

Ans: The sorrow of the day is described as silent.

28. How is the hall door mentioned in the poem?

Ans: The hall door mentioned in the poem is

29. What is the colour of the mist?

Ans: The colour of the mist is blue.

30. Where does the damp stand?

Ans: The damp stands on the green grass.

Ans: d. the sun

22. the jungle burned with-

a. Sunlightb. petrolc. Fired. kerosene

Ans: a. sunlight

23. the children put their hands to their-

a. Nose b. head c. Eyes d. ears

Ans: d. ears

24. when the rain stopped, there was-

a. A noise b. An intense silence

c. A shadow d. A crowd

Ans: b. An intense silence

25. 'The day' in the poem 'has spent ins sorrow'-

a. Eloquentlyb. noisilyc. Silentlyd. loudly

Ans: c. Silently

26. In the poem 'other years' means-

a. Name of a storybook

b. The days of poet's youth

c. The days of future

d. The present day

Ans: b. The days of poet's youth

27. The colour of the mist is-

a. Grey b. blue c. White d. black

Ans: b. blue

28. The poet of the poem is-

a. John Clareb. Jon Clarec. Emily Bronted. None

Ans: c. Emily Bronte

29. The moisture lingers in the-

a. Forestb. Pale weedsc. Long grassd. bushes

Ans: c. Long grass

30. Here, "morning's tears" stand for-

a. Raindropsb. dewc. Water from rivesd. none

Ans: b. dew

- Grammar
- 1. Simple
- 2. Complex
- 3. Compound
- Writing skill
- 1. Write a letter to the postmaster informing about the loss of an important letter.
- 2. Write a letter to Headmaster seeking leave of two days for attending marriage ceremony of your uncle.